

SAMXON BRAND ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION 規格書

CUSTOMER: DATE:

(客戶): 志盛翔 (日期):2017-07-04

CATEGORY (品名) : ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

DESCRIPTION (型号) : GT 16V330μF(φ6.3X11)

VERSION (版本) : 01

Customer P/N :

SUPPLIER :

SUPPLI	ER
PREPARED (拟定)	CHECKED (审核)
李婷	刘渭清

CUSTO	OMER
APPROVAL (批准)	SIGNATURE (签名)

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

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		GT SERIE	ES				
Rev.	Date	Mark	Page	Contents	Purpose	Drafter	Approver

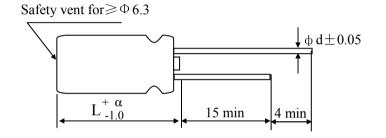
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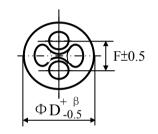
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Table 1 Product Dimensions and Characteristics

Unit: mm





α	L<20 : α=1.5; L≥20 : α=2.0
β	$\Phi D < 20 : \beta = 0.5; \Phi D \ge 20 : \beta = 1.0$

* If it is flat rubber, there is no bulge from the flat rubber surface.

N	SAMXON	WV	Cap.		Temp.	tan δ	Leakage	Max Ripple Current	Impedance at 20°C	Load	Din	ension (mm)	1	Sleev
0.	Part No.	(Vdc)	(μF)	Cap. tolerance	range(°C)	(120Hz, 20℃)	Current (µA,2min)	at 105℃ 100KHz (mA rms)	100kHz (Ωmax)	lifetime (Hrs)	D×L	F	фd	e
1	EGT337M1CE11RR**P	16	330	-20%~+20%	-40~105	0.16	52.8	340	0.220	5000	6.3X11	2.5	0.5	PET

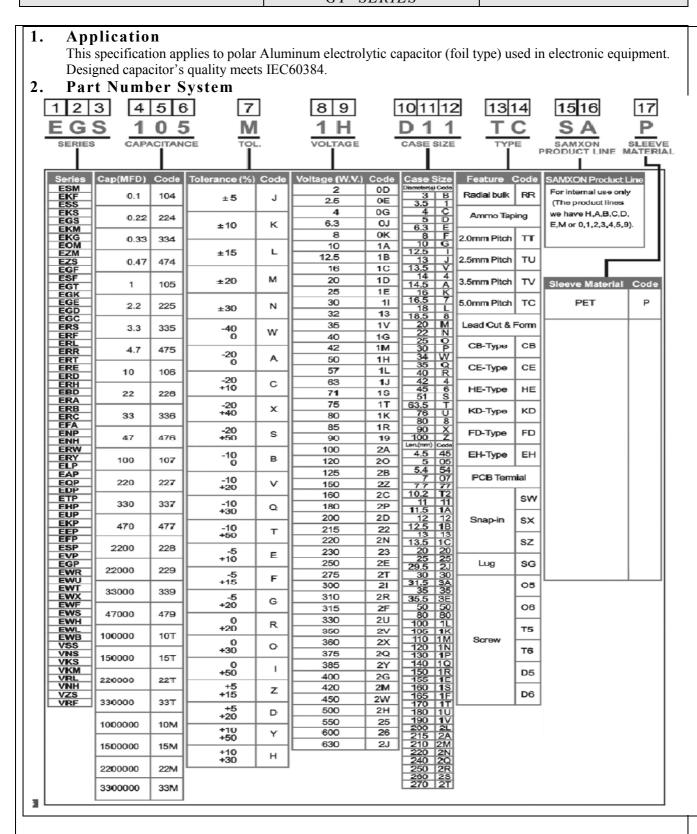
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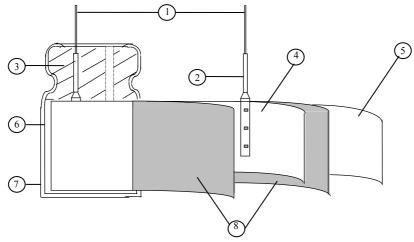


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3. Construction

Single ended type to be produced to fix the terminals to anode and cathode foil, and wind together with paper, and then wound element to be impregnated with electrolyte will be enclosed in an aluminum case. Finally sealed up tightly with end seal rubber, then finished by putting on the vinyl sleeve.



	Component	Material
1	Lead line	Tinned CP wire (Pb Free)
2	Terminal	Aluminum wire
3	Sealing Material	Rubber
4	Al-Foil (+)	Formed aluminum foil
5	Al-Foil (-)	Etched aluminum foil or formed aluminum foil
6	Case	Aluminum case
7	Sleeve	PET
8	Separator	Electrolyte paper

4. Characteristics

Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements and tests are as follows:

Ambient temperature :15°C to 35°C Relative humidity : 45% to 85% Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature : $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity : 60% to 70%Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

Operating temperature range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage See table 1 temperature range.

As to the detailed information, please refer to table 2.

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Table							-			
	ITEM				PERFC	RMANC	EE			
	Rated voltage (WV)	WV (V.DC)	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63	100
4.1		SV (V.DC)	8	13	20	32	44	63	79	125
	Surge voltage (SV)									
4.2	Nominal capacitance (Tolerance)	<pre><condition> Measuring F Measuring V Measuring T </condition></pre> <pre><criteria> Shall be with</criteria></pre>	requenc oltage emperat	: N ure : 20)±2℃	than 0.5V				
4.3	Leakage current	Condition> Connecting t minutes, and Criteria> Refer to Table	he capa then, me				istor (1	lkΩ ±10	Ω) in s	eries for 2
4.4	tan δ	<condition> See 4.2, Norn <criteria> Refer to Table</criteria></condition>	n Capac	itance, fo	or measu	ring frequ	iency, vo	oltage and	l tempera	nture.
4.5	Terminal strength	0.5r Over 0.	ength of apacitor, rength of apacitor, 2~3 second er of lead num and 15 mm to	f Termina applied f onds, and d wire less 0.8mm	Tens	ent the tent it for 9 ile force (kgf) 5 (0.51) 0 (1.0)	rminal (0° to its	1~4 mm toriginal p Bending (kg 2.5 (0)	force N gf) 0.25)	rubber) for

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		<condition></condition>			_				
		STEP Test	ng Tempe	erature(°C)			Time		
		1	20 ± 2	2	Time	to reach	thermal e	equilibrii	ım
		2	-40(-25)	<u>±3</u>	Time	to reach	thermal e	equilibrii	ım
		3	20±2	2	Time	to reach	thermal e	equilibri	ım
		4	105±	2	Time	to reach	thermal e	equilibrii	ım
		5	20±2	2		to reach			
		<criteria></criteria>						•	
		a. $tan \delta shall be with$	nin the lim	it of Item	4.4The le	akage cu	irrent me	asured s	hall not
	_	more than 8 times of	its specific	ed value.					
	Temperature	b. In step 5, $\tan \delta \sinh$		hin the lim	it of Iter	n 4.4The	leakage	current	shall not
4.6	characteristi cs	more than the specifi							
4.0	CS	c. At-40°C (-25°C), i table.	mpedance	(z) ratio s	hall not e	exceed th	e value o	of the fol	lowing
		Working Voltage (V)	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63
		Z-25°C/Z+20°C	4	3	2	2	2	2	2
		Z-40°C/Z+20°C	8	6	3	3	3	3	3
		Working Voltage (V)	100]					
		Z-25°C/Z+20°C	2	-					
		Z-40°C/Z+20°C	3	-					
		For capacitance value		ı FAdd 0 5	ner ano	ther 1000) II F for	7-25/7+	20℃
		•							
		Capacitance, $\tan \delta$, an		Add 1.0	per anot	her 1000	μF for Z		
		Capacitance, $\tan \delta$, an <condition></condition>	d impedar	Add 1.0 nce shall be	per anot measur	her 1000 ed at 120	μ F for Z Hz.	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20°C.
		Capacitance, tan δ , an Condition> According to IEC603	d impedar 84-4No.4.	Add 1.0 nce shall be	per anote measures, The ca	her 1000 ed at 120 pacitor is	µ F for Z Hz.	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20°C.
		Capacitance, $\tan \delta$, an Condition> According to IEC603 $105^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2 \text{ with DC b}$	d impedar 84-4No.4.	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the r	per anote measures, The ca	her 1000 ed at 120 pacitor is le curren	μ F for Z Hz. s stored a t for Tab	Z-40°C/Z	z+20°C. erature of the sum of t
		Capacitance, tan δ, an Condition> According to IEC603 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sl	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the rhall not ex	e measur s, The ca ated ripp ceed the	pacitor is le current rated w	μ F for Z Hz. s stored a t for Tab rorking v	Z-40°C/Z	erature of the sum of then the
		Capacitance, tan δ, an Condition> According to IEC603 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sl ed after 10	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the r nall not ex 6 hours rec	e measur s, The ca ated ripp ceed the	pacitor is le current rated w	μ F for Z Hz. s stored a t for Tab rorking v	Z-40°C/Z	z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the
4.7	Load	Capacitance, tan δ, an Condition> According to IEC603 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sl ed after 10	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the r nall not ex 6 hours rec	e measur s, The ca ated ripp ceed the	pacitor is le current rated w	μ F for Z Hz. s stored a t for Tab rorking v	Z-40°C/Z	z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tan δ, and Condition> According to IEC603 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the Criteria>	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sl red after 10 e following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the r nall not ex 6 hours rec g table:	s, The ca ated ripp ceed the	pacitor is le current rated with a tat	μ F for Z Hz. s stored a t for Tab rorking v	Z-40°C/Z	C+20°C. erature of the sum of then the
4.7		Capacitance, tan δ, and Condition> According to IEC603 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the Criteria> The characteristic share	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sl ed after 10 e following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the r nall not ex 6 hours rec g table:	s, The ca ated ripp ceed the overing t	pacitor is le current rated whime at at	μ F for Z Hz. s stored a t for Tab rorking v mospher	Z-40°C/Z	z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tan δ, and Condition> According to IEC603 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the Criteria>	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage sl voltage sl ted after 10 following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 6 hours received table:	e measures, The canated ripp ceed the overing to grequire 4.3 shall	pacitor is le current rated when the at at ments.	μ F for Z Hz. s stored a t for Tab corking v mospher	Z-40°C/Z	z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the
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4.7	life	Capacitance, tan δ , and Condition> According to IEC603 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the Criteria> The characteristic shall Leakage current Capacitance C	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage sl voltage sl ted after 10 following	Add 1.0 nee shall be 13 method e plus the real not ex 6 hours rece table: e following Value in 4 Within ±	e measures, The capated ripp ceed the overing to grequire 4.3 shall 25% of than 200	pacitor is le current rated when the rated when the satisficity initial value of the pacitor initial va	μ F for Z Hz. s stored a t for Tab corking v mospher	Z-40°C/Z at a tempole 1. (The condition of the condition	z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the
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4.7	life	Capacitance, $\tan \delta$, and $<$ Condition> According to IEC603 105° C ± 2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the $<$ Criteria> The characteristic shate Leakage current Capacitance Condition> The capacitors are then $1000+48/0$ hours. Followers	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage sl voltage sl ded after 10 e following all meet th hat hange	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 6 hours rece table: e following Value in 4 Within ± Not more There shall the no volta is period the shall be 1.0 method to 1.0 m	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 Il be no	pacitor is le current rated whime at at ments. be satisficinitial value and at a terms of the current rate	μ F for Z Hz. s stored a t for Tab rorking v mospher ed llue. specifie of electro	z-40°C/z t a tempole 1. (The voltage) ic condite discondite disco	± 2°C form the test
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	life test Shelf life	Capacitance, tan δ, and Condition> According to IEC603 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the context of the characteristic shall be connected to applied for 30min. At the condition is a simple connected to applied for 30min. At the condition is a simple connected to applied for 30min. At the condition is a simple connected to applied for 30min. At the condition is a simple connected to applied for 30min. At the condition is a simple connected to applied for 30min. At the connected to applied for 30min. At the condition is a simple connected to applie the connected to applie	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage sl wed after 10 for following all meet th hat hange a stored wi lowing th wed to star o a series	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the real not ex 6 hours receptable: e following Value in 4 Within ± Not more There shall the no voltate is period the bilized at a limiting receptable.	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 ll be no	pacitor is le current rated whime at at at a tent tors shall apperature to ± 100 Ω.	μ F for Z Hz. s stored a t for Tab rorking v mospher ed llue. specifie f electro mperatur be rema for 4~8) with Γ	d value. lyte. d value. lyte. ce of 105 oved from hours. 1 O.C. rate	± 2°C form the tess Next they d voltage

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		<criteria></criteria>	1 6 11
		The characteristic shall meet t	
	Shelf	Leakage current	Value in 4.3 shall be satisfied
	life	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 25\%$ of initial value.
	test	tan δ	Not more than 200% of the specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
			stored more than 1 year, the leakage current may e through about 1 k Ω resistor, if necessary.
49	Jurge test	The capacitor shall be submit followed discharge of 5 min 3. The test temperature shall be C _R :Nominal Capacitance (4. < Criteria> Leakage current Capacitance Change tan δ Appearance Attention:	e 15~35℃. In F) Not more than the specified value. Within ±15% of initial value. Not more than the specified value. There shall be no leakage of electrolyte. ge at abnormal situation only. It is not applicable to such
4 10 1	pration test	perpendicular directions. Vibration frequency ran Peak to peak amplitude Sweep rate Mounting method: The capacitor with diameter g in place with a bracket. 4mm or less <criteria> After the test, the following it Inner construction Inner construction After the test, the following it Inner construction Note that the set of the set of</criteria>	: 1.5mm : $10\text{Hz} \sim 55\text{Hz} \sim 10\text{Hz}$ in about 1 minute greater than 12.5mm or longer than 25mm must be fixed. Within 30° To be soldered

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		<condition></condition>				
		The capacitor shall be tes	ted under		conditions:	
		Soldering temperature		: 245±3°C		
		Dipping depth		: 2mm		
4.11	Solderability	Dipping speed		: 25±2.5mm	/S	
	test	Dipping time		: 3±0.5s		
		<criteria></criteria>		A:	COSO/ - C41	a la aire a
		Coating quality		immersed	n of 95% of the surfac	e being
		<condition></condition>				
		Terminals of the capacitor	r shall be	immersed into	solder bath at 260	±5°Cfor10±
		1 seconds or $400 \pm 10^{\circ}$ C for	or3 ⁺¹ seco	nds to 1.5~2.0	mm from the body of	capacitor.
		Then the capacitor shall b				
	Resistance to	for 1~2 hours before mean			rr	
4.12	solder heat	<criteria></criteria>				
	test	Leakage current	N	ot more than the	ne specified value.	
		Capacitance Change	W	ithin $\pm 10\%$ c	of initial value.	
		tan δ	N	ot more than the	ne specified value.	
		Appearance	Tl	nere shall be n	o leakage of electroly	te.
		<condition></condition>				
		Temperature Cycle: Accor	rding to IF	C60384-4No	4.7methods_capacitor	r shall be
		placed in an oven, the cor				Siluii oc
		•	emperature		Time	
		(1)+20°C	F		≤3 Minutes	
		(2)Rated low tempera	ature (-40°	C) (-25°C)	30 ± 2 Minutes	
	Change of	` '				
4.13	temperature	(3)Rated high temper	•	15 C)	30 ± 2 Minutes	
	test	(1) to (3)=1 cycle, to	tal 5 cycle			
		<criteria> The characteristic shall m</criteria>	act the fol	laurina raquir	am an t	
						7
		Leakage current			pecified value.	
		tan δ			pecified value.	
		Appearance	I here	snaii be no le	akage of electrolyte.	
		<condition></condition>				
		Humidity Test:	IN a 4 12	aathada	oitor aboll be seen and	for 500.1 0
		According to IEC60384-4		_	-	
		hours in an atmosphere of meet the following requir		K H .at 40±2	C, the characteristic c	nange snam
		Criteria>	Ciliciit.			
	D 1	Leakage current	Not mor	e than the spec	rified value	7
4.14	Damp heat test	Capacitance Change		±20% of initi		-
	iesi	tan δ			of the specified value.	1
		Appearance			age of electrolyte.	-
		Appearance	I Here SI	an oc no icaki	igo of electrolyte.	_
	<u> </u>					

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4.15	Vent test	22.4 or less Over 22.4 <criteria> The vent shall operate with pieces of the capacitor and/o</criteria>	with its py table is a Current (A 1 10 no dange	oolarity revolution	ersed to a I	OC power s	source. Then a
4.16	Maximum permissible (ripple current)	Condition> The maximum permissible at 120Hz and can be appl Table-1 The combined value of D rated voltage and shall not requested. Frequency Multipliers: Coefficient (Hz) Cap. (μ F) 15~33 39~330 390~1000 1200~3900	ied at max .C voltage	cimum oper e and the pe	rating temp	erature	

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5. It refers to the latest document of "Environment-related Substances standard" (WI-HSPM-QA-072).

	Substances
	Cadmium and cadmium compounds
Heavy metals	Lead and lead compounds
Tieavy illetais	Mercury and mercury compounds
	Hexavalent chromium compounds
	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)
Chloinated	Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN)
organic	Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)
compounds	Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP)
	Other chlorinated organic compounds
D : 1	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)
Brominated	Polybrominated diphenylethers(PBDE) (including
organic	decabromodiphenyl ether[DecaBDE])
compounds	Other brominated organic compounds
Tributyltin compo	ounds(TBT)
Triphenyltin com	pounds(TPT)
Asbestos	
Specific azo com	pounds
Formaldehyde	
Beryllium oxide	
Beryllium coppe	er
Specific phthalate	es (DEHP,DBP,BBP,DINP,DIDP,DNOP,DNHP)
Hydrofluorocarbo	on (HFC), Perfluorocarbon (PFC)
Perfluorooctane s	ulfonates (PFOS)
Specific Benzotri	azole

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Attachment: Application Guidelines

1.Circuit Design

1.1 Operating Temperature and Frequency

Electrolytic capacitor electrical parameters are normally specified at 20° C temperature and 120Hz frequency. These parameters vary with changes in temperature and frequency. Circuit designers should take these changes into consideration.

- (1) Effects of operating temperature on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher temperatures, leakage current and capacitance increase while equivalent series resistance (ESR) decreases.
 - b) At lower temperatures, leakage current and capacitance decrease while equivalent series resistance (ESR) increases.
- (2) Effects of frequency on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher frequencies capacitance and impedance decrease while tanδ increases.
 - b) At lower frequencies, ripple current generated heat will rise due to an increase in equivalent series resistance (ESR).

1.2 Operating Temperature and Life Expectancy

See the file: Life calculation of aluminum electrolytic capacitor

1.3 Common Application Conditions to Avoid

The following misapplication load conditions will cause rapid deterioration to capacitor electrical parameters. In addition, rapid heating and gas generation within the capacitor can occur causing the pressure relief vent to operate and resultant leakage of electrolyte. Under Leaking electrolyte is combustible and electrically conductive.

(1) Reverse Voltage

DC capacitors have polarity. Verify correct polarity before insertion. For circuits with changing or uncertain polarity, use DC bipolar capacitors. DC bipolar capacitors are not suitable for use in AC circuits.

(2) Charge / Discharge Applications

Standard capacitors are not suitable for use in repeating charge / discharge applications. For charge / discharge applications consult us and advise actual conditions.

(3) Over voltage

Do not apply voltages exceeding the maximum specified rated voltage. Voltages up to the surge voltage rating are acceptable for short periods of time. Ensure that the sum of the DC voltage and the superimposed AC ripple voltage does not exceed the rated voltage.

(4) Ripple Current

Do not apply ripple currents exceeding the maximum specified value. For high ripple current applications, use a capacitor designed for high ripple currents or contact us with your requirements. Ensure that allowable ripple currents superimposed on low DC bias voltages do not cause reverse voltage conditions.

1.4 Using Two or More Capacitors in Series or Parallel

(1) Capacitors Connected in Parallel

The circuit resistance can closely approximate the series resistance of the capacitor causing an imbalance of ripple current loads within the capacitors. Careful design of wiring methods can minimize the possibility of excessive ripple currents applied to a capacitor.

(2) Capacitors Connected in Series

Normal DC leakage current differences among capacitors can cause voltage imbalances. The use of voltage divider shunt resistors with consideration to leakage current can prevent capacitor voltage imbalances.

1.5 Capacitor Mounting Considerations

(1) Double Sided Circuit Boards

Avoid wiring pattern runs, which pass between the mounted capacitor and the circuit board.

When dipping into a solder bath, excess solder may collect under the capacitor by capillary action and short circuit the anode and cathode terminals.

(2) Circuit Board Hole Positioning

The vinyl sleeve of the capacitor can be damaged if solder passes through a lead hole for subsequently processed parts. Special care when locating hole positions in proximity to capacitors is recommended.

(3)Circuit Board Hole Spacing

The circuit board holes spacing should match the capacitor lead wire spacing within the specified tolerances. Incorrect spacing can cause excessive lead wire stress during the insertion process. This may result in premature capacitor failure due to short or open circuit, increased leakage current, or electrolyte leakage.

(4) Clearance for Case Mounted Pressure Relief vents

Capacitors with case mounted pressure relief vents require sufficient clearance to allow for proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as follows.

φ6.3~φ16mm:2mm minimum, φ18~φ35mm:3mm minimum, φ40mm or greater:5mm minimum.

(5) Clearance for Seal Mounted Pressure Relief Vents

A hole in the circuit board directly under the seal vent location is required to allow proper release of pressure.

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(6) Wiring Near the Pressure Relief Vent

Avoid locating high voltage or high current wiring or circuit board paths above the pressure relief vent. Flammable, high temperature gas exceeding 100°C may be released which could dissolve the wire insulation and ignite.

(7) Circuit Board patterns Under the Capacitor

Avoid circuit board runs under the capacitor as electrolyte leakage could cause an electrical short.

(8) Screw Terminal Capacitor Mounting

Do not orient the capacitor with the screw terminal side of the capacitor facing downwards.

Tighten the terminal and mounting bracket screws within the torque range specified in the specification.

1.6 Electrical Isolation of the Capacitor

Completely isolate the capacitor as follows.

- (1) Between the cathode and the case (except for axially leaded B types) and between the anode terminal and other circuit paths
- (2) Between the extra mounting terminals (on T types) and the anode terminal, cathode terminal, and other circuit paths.
- 1.7 The Product endurance should take the sample as the standard.
- 1.8 If conduct the load or shelf life test, must be collect date code within 6 months products of sampling.

1.9 Capacitor Sleeve

The vinyl sleeve or laminate coating is intended for marking and identification purposes and is not meant to electrically insulate the capacitor.

The sleeve may split or crack if immersed into solvents such as toluene or xylene, and then exposed to high temperatures.

CAUTION!

Always consider safety when designing equipment and circuits. Plan for worst case failure modes such as short circuits and open circuits which could occur during use.

- (1) Provide protection circuits and protection devices to allow safe failure modes.
- (2) Design redundant or secondary circuits where possible to assure continued operation in case of main circuit failure.

2. Capacitor Handling Techniques

- 2.1 Considerations Before Using
- (1) Capacitors have a finite life. Do not reuse or recycle capacitors from used equipment.
- (2) Transient recovery voltage may be generated in the capacitor due to dielectric absorption. If required, this voltage can be discharged with a resistor with a value of about 1kΩ.
- (3) Capacitors stored for long periods of time may exhibit an increase in leakage current. This can be corrected by gradually applying rated voltage in series with a resistor of approximately $1k\Omega$.
- (4) If capacitors are dropped, they can be damaged mechanically or electrically. Avoid using dropped capacitors.
- (5) Dented or crushed capacitors should not be used. The seal integrity can be compromised and loss of electrolyte / shortened life can result.

2.2 Capacitor Insertion

- (1) Verify the correct capacitance and rated voltage of the capacitor.
- (2) Verify the correct polarity of the capacitor before inserting.
- (3) Verify the correct hole spacing before insertion (land pattern size on chip type) to avoid stress on the terminals.
- (4) Ensure that the auto insertion equipment lead clinching operation does not stress the capacitor leads where they enter the seal of the capacitor.

For chip type capacitors, excessive mounting pressure can cause high leakage current, short circuit, or disconnection.

2.3 Manual Soldering

- (1) Observe temperature and time soldering specifications or do not exceed temperatures of 400 °C for 3 seconds or less.
- (2) If lead wires must be formed to meet terminal board hole spacing, avoid stress on the lead wire where it enters the capacitor seal.
- (3) If a soldered capacitor must be removed and reinserted, avoid excessive stress to the capacitor leads.
- (4) Avoid touching the tip of the soldering iron to the capacitor, to prevent melting of the vinyl sleeve.

2.4 Flow Soldering

- (1) Do not immerse the capacitor body into the solder bath as excessive internal pressure could result.
- (2) Observe proper soldering conditions (temperature, time, etc.) Do not exceed the specified limits.
- (3) Do not allow other parts or components to touch the capacitor during soldering.

2.5 Other Soldering Considerations

Rapid temperature rises during the preheat operation and resin bonding operation can cause cracking of the capacitor vinyl sleeve. For heat curing, do not exceed 150°C for a maximum time of 2 minutes.

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2.6 Capacitor Handling after Solder

- (1). Avoid movement of the capacitor after soldering to prevent excessive stress on the lead wires where they enter the seal.
- (2). Do not use capacitor as a handle when moving the circuit board assembly.
- (3). Avoid striking the capacitor after assembly to prevent failure due to excessive shock.

2.7 Circuit Board Cleaning

- (1) Circuit boards can be immersed or ultrasonically cleaned using suitable cleaning solvents for up 5 minutes and up to 60°C maximum temperatures. The boards should be thoroughly rinsed and dried. The use of ozone depleting cleaning agents is not recommended in the interest of protecting the environment.
- (2) Avoid using the following solvent groups unless specifically allowed for in the specification;

Halogenated cleaning solvents: except for solvent resistant capacitor types, halogenated solvents can permeate the seal and cause internal capacitor corrosion and failure. For solvent resistant capacitors, carefully follow the temperature and time requirements of the specification. 1-1-1 trichloroethane should never be used on any aluminum electrolytic capacitor.

Alkali solvents : could attack and dissolve the aluminum case.

Petroleum based solvents: deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Xylene : deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Acetone : removal of the ink markings on the vinyl sleeve could result.

- (3) A thorough drying after cleaning is required to remove residual cleaning solvents which may be trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board. Avoid drying temperatures, which exceed the maximum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (4) Monitor the contamination levels of the cleaning solvents during use by electrical conductivity, pH, specific gravity, or water content. Chlorine levels can rise with contamination and adversely affect the performance of the capacitor. Please consult us for additional information about acceptable cleaning solvents or cleaning methods.

2.8 Mounting Adhesives and Coating Agents

When using mounting adhesives or coating agents to control humidity, avoid using materials containing halogenated solvents. Also, avoid the use of chloroprene based polymers. After applying adhesives or coatings, dry thoroughly to prevent residual solvents from being trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board.

3. Precautions for using capacitors

3.1 Environmental Conditions

Capacitors should not be stored or used in the following environments.

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

3.2 Electrical Precautions

- (1) Avoid touching the terminals of the capacitor as possible electric shock could result. The exposed aluminum case is not insulated and could also cause electric shock if touched.
- (2) Avoid short circuit the area between the capacitor terminals with conductive materials including liquids such as acids or alkaline solutions.

4. Emergency Procedures

- (1) If the pressure relief vent of the capacitor operates, immediately turn off the equipment and disconnect form the power source. This will minimize additional damage caused by the vaporizing electrolyte.
- (2) Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte gas which can exceed 100℃ temperatures.

If electrolyte or gas enters the eye, immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of water.

If electrolyte or gas is ingested by month, gargle with water.

If electrolyte contacts the skin, wash with soap and water.

5. Long Term Storage

Leakage current of a capacitor increases with long storage times. The aluminum oxide film deteriorates as a function of temperature and time. If used without reconditioning, an abnormally high current will be required to restore the oxide film. This current surge could cause the circuit or the capacitor to fail. After one year, a capacitor should be reconditioned by applying rated voltage in series with a 1000Ω , current limiting resistor for a time period of 30 minutes . If the expired date of products date code is over eighteen months, the products should be return to confirmation.

5.1 Environmental Conditions

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The capacitor shall be not use in the following condition:

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

6. Capacitor Disposal

When disposing of capacitors, use one of the following methods.

Incinerate after crushing the capacitor or puncturing the can wall (to prevent explosion due to internal pressure rise). Capacitors should be incinerated at high temperatures to prevent the release of toxic gases such as chlorine from the polyvinyl chloride sleeve, etc.

Dispose of as solid waste.

NOTE: Local laws may have specific disposal requirements, which must be followed.

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